Introduction

Many personal decisions are made and problems solved through discussions with friends or family, a College Tutor or Director of Studies, a Nurse, Chaplain, colleague, line manager or a GP. However, at times it is right to seek help away from one’s familiar daily environment. The University Counselling Service exists to meet such a need. Seeking counselling is about making a positive choice to get help by talking confidentially with a professionally trained listener who has no other role in your life.

Who are the Counsellors?

The Service is staffed by a team of trained and accredited counsellors and therapists. The counsellors are all experienced in helping people from many different backgrounds and cultures, and with a wide range of personal and work issues.

Some of the counsellors who work in the Service are Associates, in the late stages of their counselling training. Their work is carefully supervised within the Service. Please let us know if you would prefer not to be seen by an Associate.

Contact us

University Counselling Service
Student Services Centre
Bene’t Street
Cambridge
CB2 3PT

Tel: 01223 332865
Fax: 01223 760990
Email: counsellingreception@admin.cam.ac.uk
Web: www.counselling.cam.ac.uk

Opening times

Mondays:  9:00 - 5:30
Tuesdays:  9:00 - 7:30
Wednesdays:  9:00 - 5:30
Thursdays:  9:00 - 7:30
Fridays:  9:00 - 5:00
Parental separation and divorce

The initial impact

Separation and divorce can have far-reaching implications for every member of a family whenever it happens. If your parents are separating, or have recently separated, you may be trying to cope with changes such as losing your family home, loss of sense of stability and changing relationships within the family. Even if you expected your parents to divorce or separate, it is not unusual to experience a variety of intense feelings whatever your age when this happens. One of the difficult issues to deal with may be how your parents feel about and behave towards one another, and how this impacts on you.

Different kinds of losses, both practical and emotional, may affect you:

- loss of ‘home’, physically and emotionally
- loss of financial stability if your parents’ situation changes
- loss of trust in the stability of relationships
- loss of parental interest as they struggle with their own lives and feelings
- loss of continuity, and the uncertainty which goes with it
- loss of whatever your family has meant to you up until now.

The longer-term consequences

Initial feelings of sadness, grief and hurt can be a reaction to any kind of loss. The separation or divorce of your parents may represent a significant loss to your family stability and it is not uncommon to feel unsettled, including having difficulty concentrating on work. However much tension you have been aware of in your parents’ relationship, their decision to finally separate may still affect you. You may feel powerless and helpless, as you are unable to alter the situation you are facing, and the consequences of your parents’
choice might lead you to feel frustrated.

Although the decision to separate or divorce is your parents’, you can still feel guilty about the ending of your parents’ relationship. You may feel that you are partly to blame in some way, or that you should have done more to help them, or that if you had been at home it might have made a difference. You might even feel selfish and guilty for thinking about yourself at a time like this. But remind yourself that your parents are adults and responsible for their own lives, decisions and mistakes.

In addition to sadness, both for yourself and your parents, you may also feel that your parents are letting you down and have betrayed your trust in them. Instead of the parental support you have been accustomed to you may be faced with an unwelcome role reversal which requires you to be an emotional anchor to one or both of your parents. In response to the changes in their own lives, your parents may be preoccupied and place unfamiliar, unreasonable or difficult demands on you. This may cause conflict and divided loyalties within the family which may make you feel very alone, and could be exacerbated if you have experienced a previous family break-up.

The turmoil involved in family break-up can create insecurity about practical arrangements, money, or where ‘home’ is. There can be confusion and uncertainty about what has, and is going to happen. You may experience fear and anxiety on your own behalf, on behalf of siblings, or for one or both of your parents.

To enable you to deal with these changes, take time to consider how you can maintain the part of your life which is your own and separate from your family.
Helping yourself

It can be difficult to help yourself but consider if any of the following might be possible:

• Are you able to keep some distance from the conflict between your parents?

• If your parents are leaning too heavily on you for support, is there anyone else they can confide in? Is it something you can suggest to them?

• Can you involve yourself about the provisions being made for you, or let people know what you need and want to do? Having a home continues to be important into adult life even if you spend little time there.

• Is it possible to overlook differences, for siblings to pull together?

• Can you consider some of your extended family as a source of support?

• You may have to rely more on your own resources so take care to develop and maintain your independence.

• Can you seek other sources of support, perhaps talking to your friends? It may help to actively seek people/friends you know who have been through a similar experience.

• In order to support other people you need to look after yourself. Ensure that you are getting sufficient sleep and exercise and that you are also eating healthily.

• Could you speak to your tutor or Director of Studies and let them know about your circumstances? This will ensure that any problems you may be having with work can be considered and that support and practical help can be offered where needed.
Consider making an appointment with the University Counselling Service. It may help to talk to a counsellor who is completely separate from all other aspects of your life and to have the space to come to terms with some of the changes you are experiencing. You can find more information on the University Counselling Service website: www.counselling.cam.ac.uk
Available Self Help Leaflets 2019

Anger Management
Anxiety and Panic
Asserting Yourself
Bereavement
Concentration - a CBT guide
Coping with Exams
Depression
Eating Disorders
Effective Communication and Managing Conflict
General Information for Students
General Information for Tutors
Homesickness
How to be Mindful
Insomnia
Intermitting
Loneliness
Managing Alcohol Consumption
Parental Separation and Divorce
Perfectionism - a CBT approach
Phobias - a CBT approach
Post-Traumatic Stress
Procrastination
Self-Esteem
Self-Harm
Sexual Assault and Harassment Advisor
Sexual Assault and Rape
Simple Relaxation
Transition to University
What Is Mindfulness
Worry - a CBT Approach
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